### CBT 5

#### SUB. APTITUDE

The No. of Question is 15 (each Q. carrying 1 mark) Should be Complete in 30 min The average score will be 10.50



I......Roll. No.......Dt.......Dt......

- The value of  $(3 + \sqrt{8}) + \frac{1}{3 \sqrt{8}} (6 + 4\sqrt{2})$  is 1.
  - (A) 8
- (B) 1
- (C) 2
- (D) 0
- If  $\sqrt[3]{3^n}$  = 27, then the value of n is: 2.
  - (A) 9
- (B) 6
- (C) 1
- (D) 3
- A man bought 13 articles at Rs.70 each, 15 at 3. Rs.60 each and 12 at Rs.65 each. The average price per article is
  - (A) Rs.60.25
- (B) Rs.64.75
- (C) Rs.65.75
- (D) Rs.62.25
- 4 boys and 3 girls spent Rs.120 on the 4. average, of which boys spent Rs.150 on the average. Then the average amount spent by the girls is
  - (A) Rs.80
- (B) Rs.60
- (C) Rs. 90
- (D) Rs.100
- The average weight of first 11 persons among 5. 12 persons is 95 kg. The weight of 12th person is 33 kg more than the average weight of all the 12 persons. The weight of the 12th person is
  - (A) 128.75 kg
- (B) 128 kg
- (C) 131 kg
- (D) 97.45 kg
- $\frac{(3.63)^2 (2.37)^2}{3.63 + 2.37}$  is simplified to 6.
  - (A) 6

- (B) 1.36
- (C) 2.26
- (D) 1.26

- 7. The average of some natural numbers is 15. If 30 is added to first number and 5 is subtracted from the last number the average becomes 17.5 then the number of natural number is
  - (A) 15

(B) 30

(C) 20

- (D) 10
- The average weight of 3 men A, B and C is 84 8. kg. Another man D joins the group and the average now becomes 80 kg. If another man E whose weight is 3 kg more then that of D, replaces A, then the average weight of B, C, D and E becomes 79 kg. Then weight of A is
  - (A) 72 kg.
- (B) 74 kg.
- (C) 75 kg.
- (D) 76 kg.
- Three numbers are such that the average of 9. first two numbers is 2, the average of the last two numbers is 3 and the average of the first and the last numbers is 4, then the average of three numbers is equal to
  - (A) 2

(B) 3.5

(C) 3

(D) 2.5

10. The simplified value of

$$\int_{0}^{1} 5 + \sqrt{11 + \sqrt{19 + \sqrt{29 + \sqrt{49}}}}$$
 is

- (A)3
- (B) 2
- (C) 4
- (D) 6
- If 90% of A = 30% of B and B = x% of A, then 11. the value of x is
  - (A) 800
- (B) 300
- (C) 700
- (D) 400
- If 30% of A is added to 40% of B, the answer 12. is 80% of B. What percentage of A is B?
  - (A) 30%
- (B) 40%
- (C) 70%
- (D) 75%
- If 40% of (A + B) = 60% of (A B) then  $\frac{2A-3B}{A+B}$  is 13.
- (B)  $\frac{6}{7}$
- (C)  $\frac{5}{6}$
- In a big garden 60% of the trees are coconut 14. trees, 25% of the number of coconut trees are mango trees and 20% of the number of mango trees are apple trees. If the number of apple trees are 1500, then the number of trees in the garden is:
  - (A) 48000
- (B) 50000
- (C) 51000
- (D) 45000
- The population of a village is 25,000. One fifth are females and the rest are males. 5% of males and 40% of females are uneducated. What percentage on the whole are educated?
  - (A) 75%
- (B) 88%
- (C) 55%
- (D) 85%

# CBT\_5

#### SUB. REASONING

The No. of Question is 15 (each Q. carrying 1 mark) Should be Complete in 20 min The average score will be 10.50.



<i>I</i>		of Sem	Brac	chRoll. No	Dt
1.	If MATHEMATICS = 12345123678, then		6.	In a row of children, Ravi is fourth from right	
	MAHATHMA = ?			and Sham is second from left. When they	
	(A) 12423412	(B) 12345123		interchange positio	ns Ravi is ninth from right.
	(C) 12345678	(D) 12425341		What will be Sham'	s position from left ?
2.	If D = 4, COVER = 63, then BASIS = ?			(A) Fifth	(B) Sixth
	(A) 55	(B) 50		(C) Seventh	(D) Eighth
	(C) 49	(D) 54	7.	A, B, C, D, E and	F are sitting around the
3.	In a certain code language BLOOD is written			round table with e	qual distances. F is sitting
	as EIRLG. How will the word PERIOD be			opposite to E and	I between A and D. C is
	written in that code language ?			sitting to the right side of E and opposite to	
	(A) SBURAF	(B) SBUFRA		A. Who are the neig	ghbours of A?
	(C) SUFBAR	(D) RBUFSA		(A) F and D	(B) E and F
4.	In a certain code lan	guage INCORPORATE is		(C) E and C	(D) B and F
	written as HCGJSLJ	SXHO and PELMET is	8.	Of the six membe	rs of a panel sitting in a
	written as LOFDOH. How will the word			row, A is to the right of C, but left of B. E is	
	MOLTEN be written in that code language?			sitting left of C and right of D, who is sitting	
	(A) XHOTOR	(B) DJFHOC		to the right of F. Find the members sitting at	
	(C) LDOHCG	(D) FRTECO		the two ends of the	e row.
5.	Six girl are standing in a circle facing to the			(A) D, F	(B) A, B
	centre. Bindu is to the left of Viji. Rekha is in			(C) D, B	(D) F, B
	between Bindu and Mumtaz. Jessa is in		9.	On arranging Atomic Age, Metallic Age, Stor	
	between Viji and Nirmala. Who is to the left			Age, Alloy Age in a meaningful order (starting	
	of Mumtaz ?			from the earliest) v	which would appear in the

(B) Nirmala

(D) Bindu

(A) Rekha

(C) Viji

(B) Stone Age

(D) Atomic Age

3rd position?

(A) Alloy Age

(C) Metallic Age

- 10. Which one of the given responses would be a meaningful order of the following?
  - 1. India
- 2. Bangalore
- 3. Asia
- 4. Karnataka
- (A) 3, 4, 2, 1
- (B) 3, 1, 4, 2
- (C) 3, 1, 2, 4
- (D) 1, 2, 3, 4
- 11. What is the best way to order the progression in Hardware?
  - 1- Silicon chips
  - 2- Transistors
  - 3- Vacuum tube
  - 4- Integrated circuits
  - (A) 4, 2, 3, 1
- (B) 3, 4, 1, 2
- (C) 3, 2, 4, 1
- (D) 4, 1, 3, 2
- 12. A's mother is sister of B and has a daughter C. How can A be related to B from among the following?
  - (A) Niece

- (B) Uncle
- (C) Daughter
- (D) Father
- A and B are a married couple. C and D are 13. brothers. C is the brother of A. How is D related to B?
  - (A) Brother
  - (B) Son-in-law
  - (C) Cousin
  - (D) Brother-in-law

- 14. A and B are married couple. X and Y are brothers. X is the brother of A. How is Y related to B?
  - (A) Brother-in-law
  - (B) Brother
  - (C) Son-in-law
  - (D) Cousin
- A man 'P' goes to a party hosted by his 15. brother 'Q' who has a daughter M. M is dancing with her brother 'N'. How is 'P' related to 'N'?
  - (A) Nephew
- (B) Father
- (C) Uncle
- (D) Cousin

### CBT 5

#### SUB. ENGLISH

The No. of Question is 15 (each Q. carrying 1 mark) Should be Complete in 20 min The average score will be 10.50



I......Brach......Roll. No......Dt......Dt.......

#### **PASSAGE**

For the past several years, scientists have issued ominous warnings about the future of the. Earth's climate. Predictions of dramatic global change arising from the continued dumping of industrial by-products into the atmosphere and forest loss of massive scale can no longer be ignored. Compelling scientific evidence strongly suggests that world climate patterns, previously regarded as reliably stable, could be thrust into a state of turmoil.

Emissions of natural and synthetic gases are increasing the heat-trapping capacity of the atmosphere through a phenomenon known as the greenhouse effect. The projected impacts of this world-wide climatic disruption dwarf many of the environmental problems of the past.

- What can no longer be ignored? 1.
  - (A) dramatic atmospheric change
  - (B) dumping of industrial by-products
  - (C) predictions of global change
  - (D) massive forest loss
- "Ominous" in line 1 means 2.
  - (A) clear
  - (B) inauspicious
  - (C) detailed
  - (D) frequent

- "Projected" in the last sentence means 3.
  - (A) expected
  - (B) proposed
  - (C) stated
  - (D) apprehended
- 4. The greenhouse effect is a phenomenon that increases
  - (A) emission of natural gas
  - (B) emission of synthetic gas
  - (C) production of heat
  - (D) retention of heat
- That world climate patterns will change 5. drastically is
  - (A) probable
  - (B) improbable
  - (C) possible
  - (D) impossible
- Four miles beyond (A)/ that pasture was seen 6. thousands (B)/ of cattle including some lambs. (C)/ No error (D)
- It is noticed that the elite class have no soft 7. (A)/ corner for the downtrodden who are the (B)/real victims of the present social set-up. (C)/ No error (D)

- 8. Is there any difficulties (A)/ in disposing of this gorgeous building (B)/ built on such a spacious and beautiful north campus. (C)/ No error (D)
- 9. The request of the workers' union that their wages should be (A)/ increased were supported by (B)/ a vast majority. (C)/ No error (D)
- 10. The publisher says that there is (A)/ many important details to attend (B)/ to before this book gets printed. (C)/ No error (D)
- 11. The widely publicised manifesto (A)/ of the new party (B)/ is not much different than ours. (C)/ No error (D)
- 12. I was taken with surprise (A)/ when I saw (B)/ the glamorous Appu Ghar. (C)/ No error (D)
- Man needs (A)/ security and leisure (B)/ of 13. free thinking. (C)/ No error (D)
- This watch (A)/ is superior and (B)/ more 14. expensive than that.(C)/ No error (D)
- 15. It was apparent for everyone present (A)/ that if the patient did not receive (B)/ medical attention fast (C)/ he would die. (D)/ No error (e)

### CBT 5

#### SUB. C Language

The No. of Question is 15 (each Q. carrying 1 mark) Should be Complete in 20 min The average score will be 10.50



I......Brach......Roll. No......Dt......Dt.......

- 1. Formal parameter allocates memory or not? (A)Yes
  - (B)No
  - (C) Depends upon function calling mechanism
  - (D)None of the above
- 2. What is the purpose of the NULL pointer in
  - (A) It represents an uninitialized pointer.
  - (B) It points to the memory location 0.
  - (C) It is used for string manipulation.
  - (D) It indicates the end of a linked list.
- 3. What is a pointer in C?
  - (A)A variable that stores the memory address of another variable
  - (B) A data type used to store characters
  - (C) A reserved keyword for dynamic memory allocation
  - (D) A special function to manipulate strings
- In C, how can you find the number of 4. elements in an array?
  - (A) elements(array)
  - (B) size(array)
  - (C) sizeof(array) / sizeof(array[0])
  - (D) length(array)

- What is the role of the NULL character in a 5. character array (string) in C?
  - (A) Marks the end of the array.
  - (B)Represents a null value in the array.
  - (C) Initializes the array to zero.
  - (D)Specifies the starting point of the array.
- 6. In C, the extern storage class is used for:
  - (A) Defining global variables
  - (B) Declaring global variables
  - (C) Defining local variables
  - (D)Declaring local variables
- 7. Which of the following data types is variable?
  - (A) int
  - (B)flaot
  - (C)structure
  - (D) char
- 8. Which of the following is a primary data type in C?
  - (A) Array
  - (B)Structure
  - (C)Integer
  - (D) Pointer
- 9. Which loop is known as exit control loop?
  - (A) For
  - (B) While
  - (C) Do....while
  - (D) None

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- 10. In C, what is the role of the return statement?
  - (A) Declares a variable
  - (B)Terminates the program
  - (C) Exits a function and returns a value
  - (D)Skips the current iteration of a loop
- 11. In C, what does a nested loop refer to?
  - (A)A loop that runs forever
  - (B)A loop inside another loop
  - (C)A loop with a conditional statement
  - (D)A loop with a switch statement
- 12. What is the primary purpose of functions in C?
  - (A) To define variables
  - (B)To perform mathematical operations
  - (C)To encapsulate and organize code for reuse
  - (D)To declare data types
- 13. Which function is used to copy one string to another in C?
  - (A) copy()
  - (B) strcpy()
  - (C) duplicate()
  - (D) copystring()
- 14. What will strcmp("a", "b") return?
  - (A) 1
  - (B) -1
  - (C)0
  - (D) None

```
15. What will be the output of the following C
    code?
    #include<stdio.h>
    int main()
    {
        printf("Hello");
        main();
        return 0;
    }
    (A) Hello is printed once
    (B)Hello infinite number of times
    (C)Hello is not printed at all
```

(D) 0 is returned

## CBT\_5

### SUB. C++ Language

The No. of Question is 15 (each Q. carrying 1 mark) Should be Complete in 20 min The average score will be 10.50



<i>I</i>	of Sem	Brac	hDtDt			
1.	What is full form of OOPs?		{			
	(A) Object programming system (B) Object oriented programming System		int p =1 , q= 1 , r= 1 ; if ( 0    1    1)			
	(C) Object oriented programmings		p = p &1;			
	(D)None		else			
2.	What is output of following code?		r = r & 1;			
	#include "iostream"		cout << p+q+r< <endl;< td=""></endl;<>			
	using namespace std;		}			
	int main ()		(A)10 (B)18 (C)-1 (D)3			
	{	4.	Size of empty class size in C++ isbyte?			
	int a = 9 , b= 7, c= 15;		(A) Obyte (B) 1byte			
	if ( 4 < b && (a + b) < (b - a))		(C) 4byte (D) 2byte			
	{		Class size depends upon which data member.			
			(A) Static data member			
			(B) Non static data member			
			(C) Both static & none static data member			
			(D)None of these			
	(A) 27 (B) 34 (C) 40 (D) 31	6.	Which is not the member of class			
3.	What is output of following code?  #include "iostream"  using namespace std;		(A) Friend function			
			(B) Non static method			
			(C) Static data member			
			(D) None of these			

int main ()

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7.	When constructor will be execute?		By default return statement return how many values?		
	(A) When object will be create		(A) One	(B) More than two	
	(B) When object will be destroy				
	(C) Both a & b		(C) Two	(D)Zero	
	(D)None		In call by value which parameter allocates memory?		
8.	Constructor is a non-static member function?		(A) Actual parameter	(B) Formal parameter	
	(A) True (B) Both		(C) Both I & ii	(D)None	
	(C) False (D) None	15.	What will be the output of the following C++		
9.	Static data member can be access by?		code?		
	(A) Only class name		#include "iostream"		
	(B) Only object name		using namespace sto	d;	
	(C) Both a & b		int bbsr ();		
	(D)None		int main ()		
10.	Who is known as father of c++?		{		
	(A) Dennis Ritchie		int x =10;		
	(B) james Gosling		bbsr ();		
	(C) Bjarne Stroustrup		}		
	(D) Guido van rossum		int bbsr ()		
11.	Which of the following is the default return value of functions in C++?		{		
			cout << x < <endl;< td=""></endl;<>		
	(A) int (B) char (C) float (D) void		}		
12.	Where does the execution of the program starts?		(A) 10 (B) 0	(C) Error (D) None	
	(A) user define function				
	(B) main function				
	(C) void function				
	(D)None				